# C2 RE in EYFS: Programme of Study

The Early Years Foundation Stage (EYFS) describes the phase of a child's education from birth to the end of the reception year at the age of five. Religious Education is statutory for all pupils registered on the school roll. The statutory requirement for religious education does not extend to nursery classes in maintained schools. RE may, however, form a valuable part of the educational experience of children throughout the key stage. In the EYFS curriculum learning does not fit into boxes: play-based and child-centred approaches will encourage the learning to follow where the child's interest and curiosity leads.

| Early Years Foundation Stage (EYFS)   |  | Key Stage 1   |
|---|--|---|
| Nursery   | Reception  | Year 1 and upwards  |
| RE is non-statutory, but<br>teachers may choose to<br>incorporate RE material<br>into children's activities if<br>they choose to.   | RE is a compulsory part of the basic<br>curriculum for all Reception age<br>pupils, and should be taught<br>according to this Agreed Syllabus<br>for RE. | RE is a compulsory part of the basic<br>curriculum for all Key Stage 1 pupils,<br>and should be taught according to<br>this Agreed Syllabus for RE. |
| Early Learning Goals outline what pupils should achieve by the<br>end of reception year. The National Curriculum is not taught.     |  | The National Curriculum is taught alongside Religious Education.  |
| Some settings have children from both Nursery and Reception in<br>an EYFS Unit. Planning will need to take account of the needs and |  |   |
| expectations of both age groups.  |  |   |

The Agreed Syllabus for RE sets out experiences and opportunities and appropriate topics for children in the Foundation Stage. The suggestions made for the EYFS RE are good learning in themselves. These also connect to the EYFS 7 areas of learning.

Planned teaching experiences will support children's learning and development needs identified through holistic assessment. Good Early Years teaching stems from children's own experience and so many practitioners will find ways to draw on the wealth of religious or spiritual experiences that families many bring with them.

The EYFS statutory framework also outlines an expectation that practitioners reflect on the different ways in which children learn, the characteristics of effective learning:

- playing and exploring children investigate and experience things, and 'have a go'
- active learning children concentrate and keep on trying if they encounter difficulties, and enjoy achievements
- creating and thinking critically children have and develop their own ideas, make links between ideas, and develop strategies for doing things.

## What do pupils get out of RE in this age group?

RE sits very firmly within the areas of personal, social and emotional development and understanding the world. This framework enables children to develop a positive sense of themselves, and others, and to learn how to form positive and respectful relationships. They will do this through a balance of guided, planned teaching and pursuing their own learning within an enabling environment. They will begin to understand and value the differences of individuals and groups within their own immediate community. Children will have opportunity to develop their emerging moral and cultural awareness.

# RE in the Early Years Foundation Stage

Children in EYFS should encounter religions and worldviews through special people, books, times, places and objects and by visiting places of worship. They should listen to and talk about stories. Children can be introduced to subject specific words and use all their senses to explore beliefs, practices and forms of expression. They ask questions and reflect on their own feelings and experiences. They use their imagination and curiosity to develop their appreciation of and wonder at the world in which they live.

In line with the DfE's 2013 EYFS Profile, RE can, through planned, purposeful play and through a mix of adultled and child-initiated activity, provide these opportunities for pupils:

#### Communication and Language

- Children listen with enjoyment to stories, songs and poems from different communities and traditions and respond with relevant comments, questions or actions.
- They use talk to organise, sequence and clarify thinking, ideas, feelings and events.
- Children answer 'who', 'how' and 'why' questions about their experiences in response to stories, experiences or events from different sources.
- They talk about how they and others show feelings.
- They develop their own narratives in relation to stories they hear from different communities.

### Personal, Social and Emotional Development

- Children understand that they can expect others to treat their needs, views, cultures and beliefs with respect.
- They work as part of a group, taking turns and sharing fairly, understanding that groups of people need
  agreed values and codes of behaviour, including adults and children, to work together harmoniously.
- They talk about their own and others' behaviour and its consequences, and know that some behaviour is unacceptable.
- · Children think and talk about issues of right and wrong and why these questions matter.
- They respond to significant experiences showing a range of feelings when appropriate.
- They have a developing awareness of their own needs, views and feelings and be sensitive to those of others.
- Children have a developing respect for their own cultures and beliefs, and those of other people.
- They show sensitivity to others' needs and feelings, and form positive relationships.

#### Understanding the World

- Children talk about similarities and differences between themselves and others, among families, communities and traditions.
- They begin to know about their own cultures and beliefs and those of other people.
- · They explore, observe and find out about places and objects that matter in different cultures and beliefs.

## Expressive Arts and Design

- Children use their imagination in art, music, dance, imaginative play, role play and stories to represent their own ideas, thoughts and feelings.
- They respond in a variety of ways to what they see, hear, smell, touch and taste.

#### Literacy

 Children are given access to a wide range of books, poems and other written materials to ignite their interest.

#### Mathematics

Children recognise, create and describe some patterns, sorting and ordering objects simply.

These learning intentions for RE are developed from relevant areas of the Early Years Foundation Stage Profile (DfE, 2013).

- · Creative play, make-believe, role play, dance and drama
- · Dressing up and acting out scenes from stories, celebrations or festivals
- Making and eating festival food
- Talking and listening to each other; hearing and discussing stories of all kinds, including religious
  and secular stories with themes such as goodness, difference, the inner world of thoughts and
  feelings, and imagination
- Exploring authentic religious artefacts, including those designed for small children such as 'soft toy' artefacts or story books
- Seeing pictures, books and videos of places of worship and meeting believers in class
- Listening to religious music
- Starting to introduce religious terminology
- Work on nature, growing and life cycles or harvest
- Seizing opportunities spontaneously or linking with topical, local events such as celebrations, festivals, the birth of a new baby, weddings or the death of a pet
- Starting to talk about the different ways in which people believe and behave, and encouraging children to ask questions.

Themes which lend themselves to opportunities for RE work include the following:

| Myself               | People Who Help Us | Special Times     |
|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| My Life              | Friendship         | Our Community     |
| My Senses            | Welcome            | Special Books     |
| My Special Things    | Belonging          | Stories           |
| People Special to Me | Special Places     | The Natural World |

Good teaching in the EYFS will always build on children's interests and enthusiasms as well as their learning and development needs, and themes should be developed accordingly.

## RE in the reception class

Non-statutory guidance for RE for all 4-5 year olds in the reception class

The approach outlined for nursery will also serve reception class teachers, especially in the earlier months of the reception year. In addition to this, the following pages are suggestions of questions, outcomes and content that will ensure good provision for RE in reception.

The questions, outcomes and content below are non-statutory but should be read by all schools and settings to ensure that their provision is effective. For teaching to be good quality the questions, learning outcomes and content need to be taught together. It is not satisfactory to simply use the questions suggested.